- Example \#1:
- If I have 500.0 ml of a 3.0 M solution that I want to dilute to a concentration of 1.5 M , what will be the final volume of the solution?
- Example \#2:
- If I boil 3.5 L of a 5.00 M solution of Sodium Chloride until the total volume is reduced to 2.9 L , what is the final concentration of the solution?
- Example \#3:
- How much water would I need to add to 125 ml of a 2.00 M solution in order to dilute its concentration to 1.25 M ?


## Diluting Aqueous Solutions

- Sometimes, rather than preparing a solution from a solute, we already have a solution of known concentration that we want to $\qquad$ to a lower concentration.
- In order to dilute a solution to a $\qquad$ concentration, all we have to do is $\qquad$ more of the $\qquad$ _.
- We can calculate the $\qquad$ (usually water) that we need to $\qquad$ or the $\qquad$ concentration of a solution to which we have added more water using a formula.

$$
\mathrm{M}_{1} * \mathrm{~V}_{1}=\mathrm{M}_{2} * \mathrm{~V}_{2}
$$

- $M_{1}=$ $\qquad$
- $M_{2}=$ $\qquad$
- $V_{1}=$ $\qquad$
- $V_{2}=$ $\qquad$
**Remember : If you are trying to determine how much additional water to add in order to dilute a solution to a certain concentration, you will need to calculate the difference between the final and initial volume!

