

Name: _____

Grade/Class: _____

Acid Nomenclature Worksheet

Acids are not named in the same way as other compounds. Follow these rules when naming acids:

- When the anion does NOT contain Oxygen:

Use the prefix *hydro* + **root of the anion's name** – *ic* + the word acid Examples: HCl - *hydrochloric acid*; HBr- *hydrobromic acid*

- When the anion contains Oxygen:

The name will depend on the name of the polyatomic anion. DO NOT use the prefix hydro. Examples: H₂SO₄ the anion is **sulfate**, therefore the acid name will end in **ic** – **Sulfuric acid**. H₂SO₃ the anion is **sulfite**, therefore the name of the acid will end in **ous** – **sulfurous acid**.

ATE → IC

ITE → OUS

Write formulas for the following:

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| 1. Nitric acid | |
| 2. Chloric acid | |
| 3. Acetic acid | |
| 4. Sulfurous acid | |
| 5. Chlorous acid | |
| 6. Hydrochloric acid | |
| 7. Phosphoric acid | |
| 8. Nitrous acid | |
| 9. Hydrofluoric acid | |
| 10. Hydrocyanic acid | |

Name the Following

| | |
|---------------------------------------------------|--|
| 11. HClO | |
| 12. H ₃ PO ₄ | |
| 13. HCl | |
| 14. H ₂ SO ₄ | |
| 15. HNO ₂ | |
| 16. HI | |
| 17. HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂ | |
| 18. HF | |
| 19. HClO ₃ | |
| 20. H ₂ CO ₃ | |